Automatically Generating Tutorials to Enable Middle School Children to Learn Programming Independently

Kyle Harms, Dennis Cosgrove, Shannon Gray, Caitlin Kelleher





Shortage of Programmers

An estimated 1.4 million computing jobs will be added to the United States' economy between 2008-2018.¹

61% of these jobs can be filled based on current college graduation rates.¹

Shortage of information communications technology workers across the European Union.²

¹ Computing Education and Future Jobs: A Look at National, State, and Congressional District Data (2011) ² IEEE Job Site: *http://careers.ieee.org/article/European_Job_Outlook_0312.php*

Middle School Children & Computer Programming

Middle school is the time many children decide to opt-out of advanced math or science courses.¹

By college these students are too far behind to realistically succeed in these majors.²

Maintain interest and develop programming skills through independent learning.

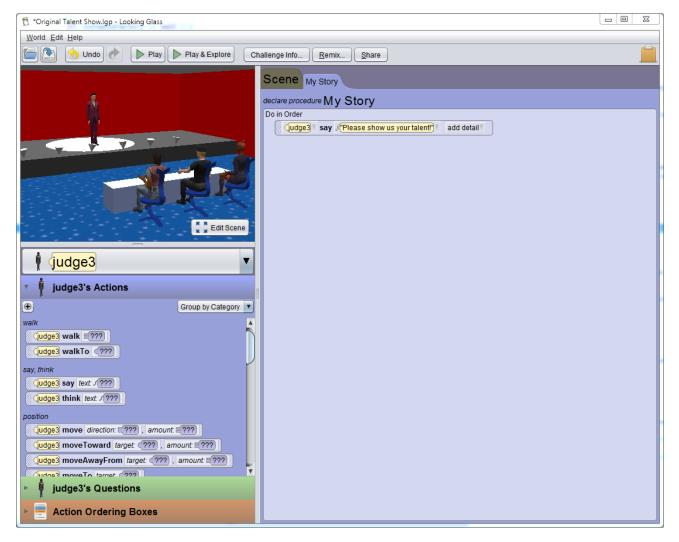
¹ Shedding Some New Light on Old Truths: Student Attitudes to School in Terms of Year Level and Gender (1994) ² Pryor, J.H. et al. 2010. *The American Freshman: National Norms for Fall 2009*.

Contributions

Demonstrate a process for automatically generating programming tutorials from unfamiliar code.

The tutorials improved independent learning of programming constructs in near transfer tasks by 64%.

Looking Glass

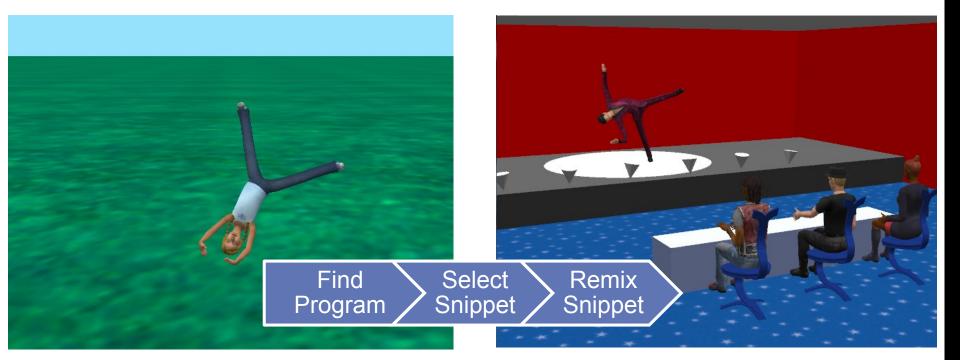


Independent Learning In Looking Glass



Talent Show Program

Learning From Unfamiliar Code



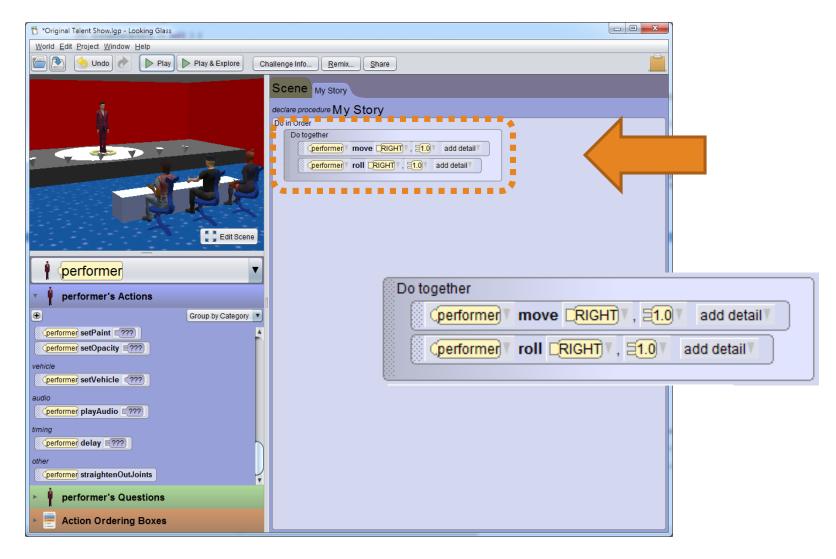
Do together
(julie) move [RIGHT] , E1.07 add detail
(ulie) roll CRIGHT , E1.0 add detail



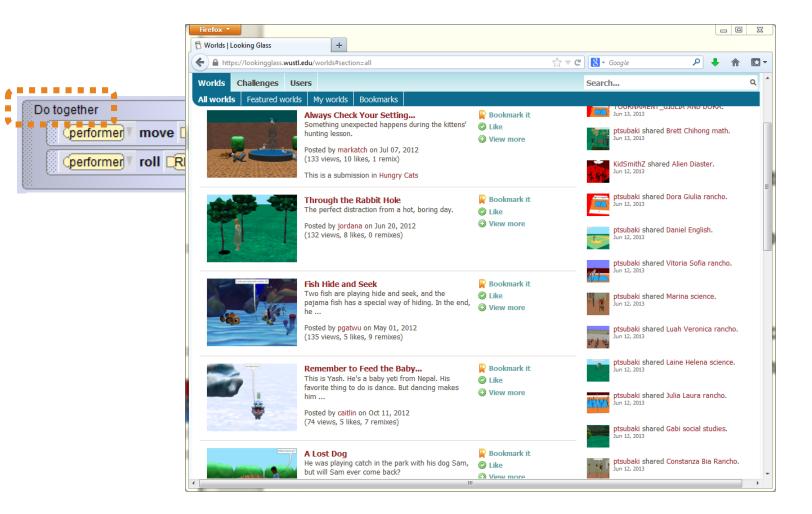
Remixed Code Snippet

Code Snippet

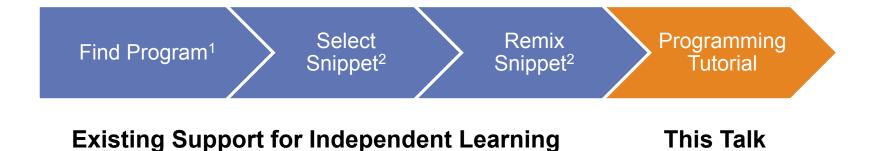
Snippet Copied Into Program



Exposure to New Programming Concepts



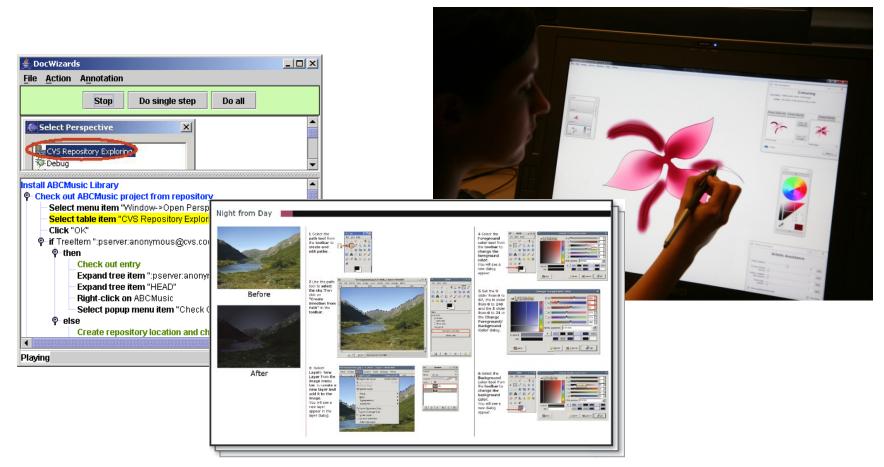
Independent Learning In Looking Glass



¹ Harms, K.J. et al. 2012. Designing a community to support long-term interest in programming for middle school children. *Proc. IDC*.

² Gross, P.A. et al. 2010. A code reuse interface for non-programmer middle school students. *Proc. IUI*.

Automatic Tutorial Generation



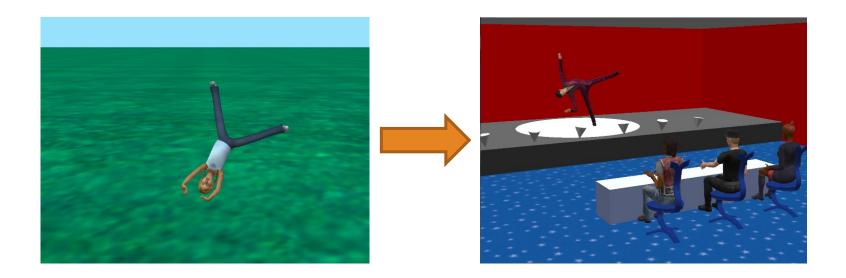
Bergman, L. et al. 2005. DocWizards: a system for authoring follow-me documentation wizards. *Proc. UIST.* Grabler, F. et al. 2009. Generating photo manipulation tutorials by demonstration. *ACM SIGGRAPH*. Fernquist, J. et al. 2011. Sketch-sketch revolution: an engaging tutorial system for guided sketching and application learning. *Proc. UIST.*

Current Generated Tutorial Systems

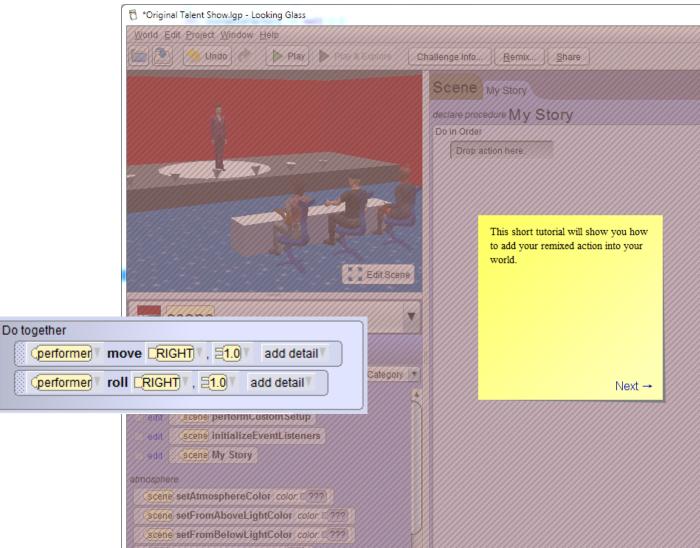
Users must adapt tutorial content to their contexts.

Require explicit authoring phase.

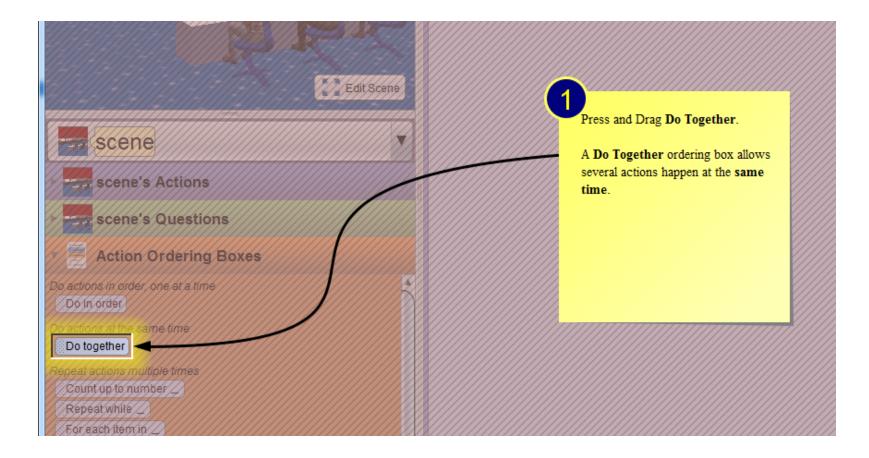
Users may skip steps or make mistakes.



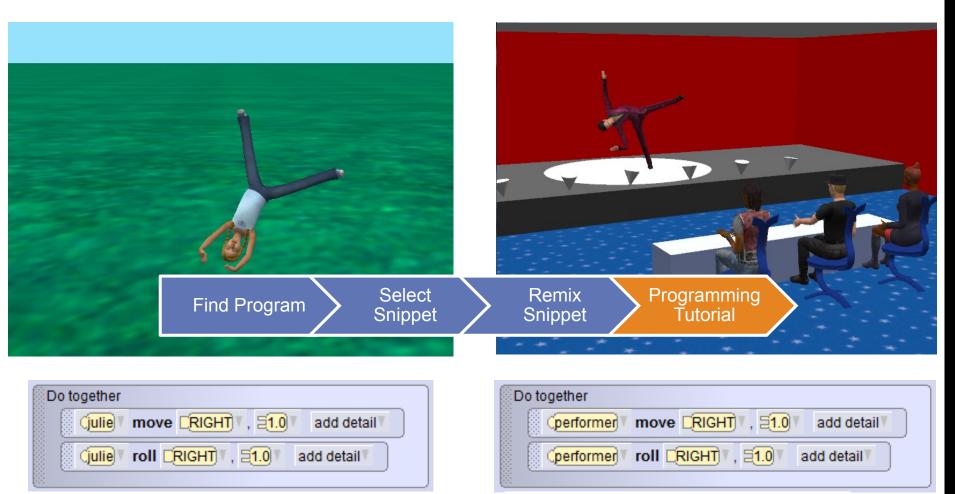
Walk-through Tutorial to Reconstruct the Snippet



Interactive Stencils Tutorial Interface

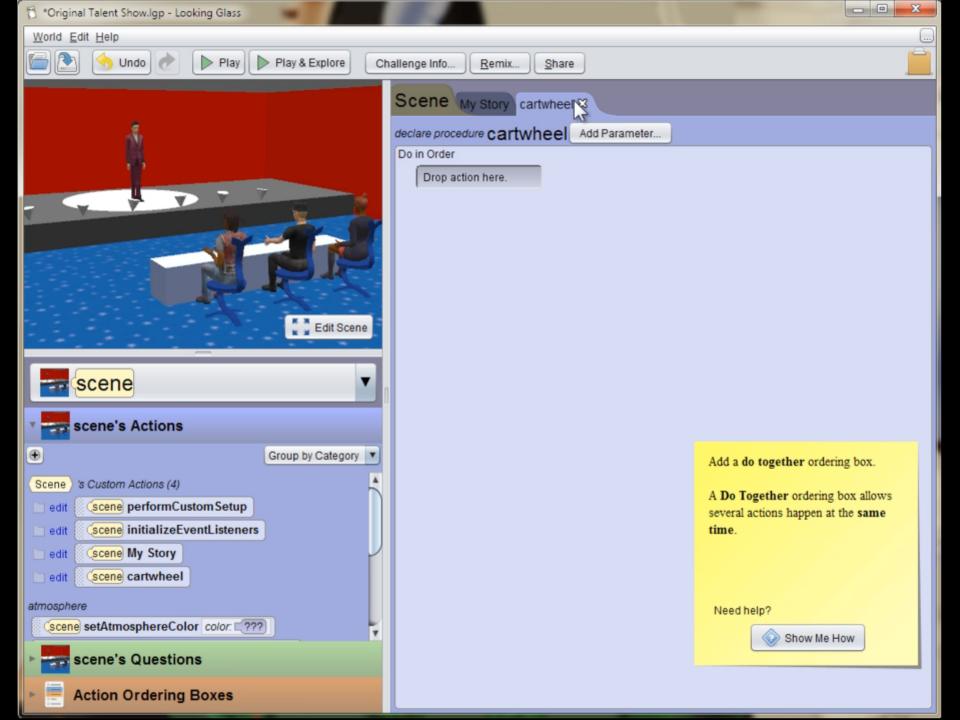


Programming Tutorial

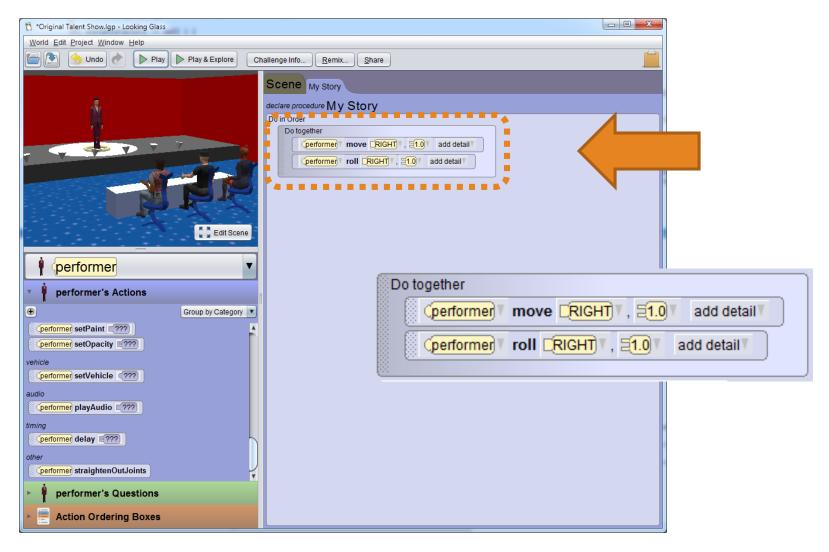


Code Snippet

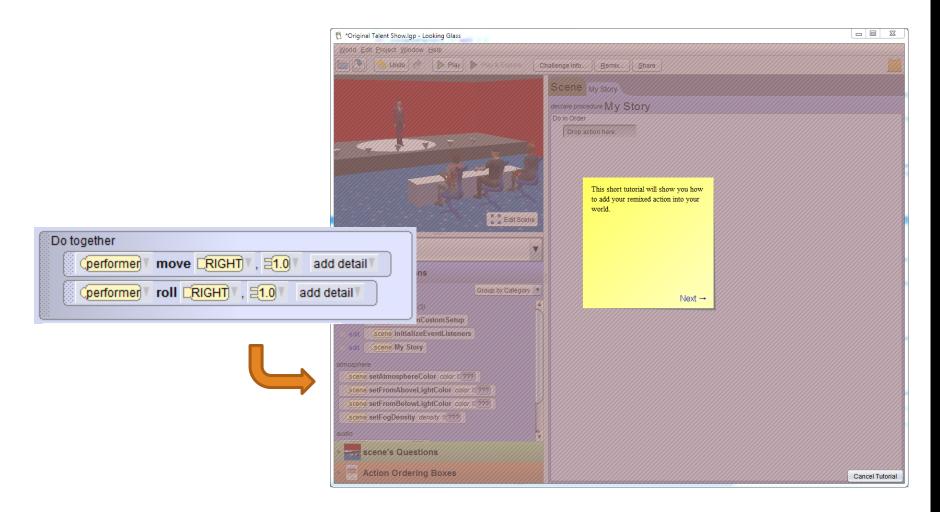
Remixed Code Snippet



Snippet Reconstructed Through Walkthrough Tutorial



Generating Walkthrough Tutorials from Code Snippets

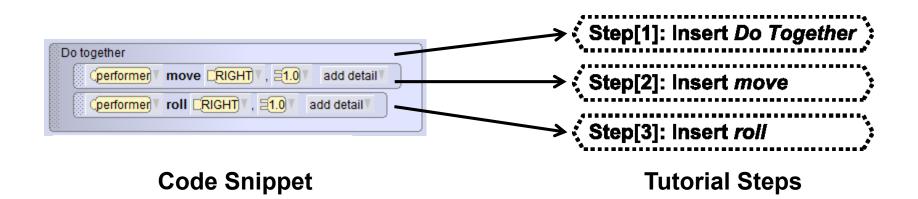


Reconstructing a Code Snippet

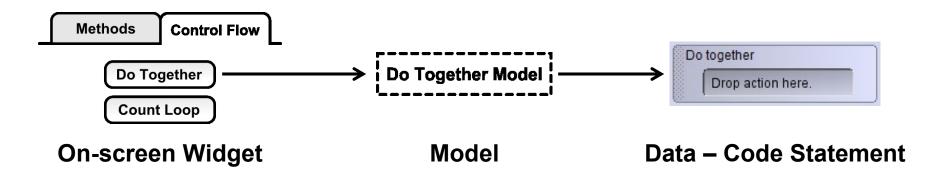
- 1. Insert a Do Together statement.
- 2. Insert move statement into the Do Together.
- 3. Insert roll statement into the Do Together.



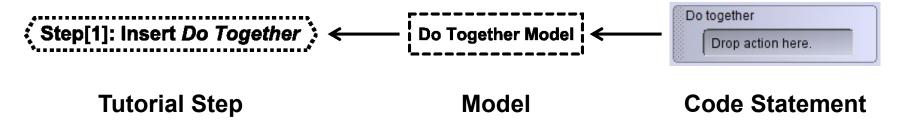
Walkthrough Tutorial Steps



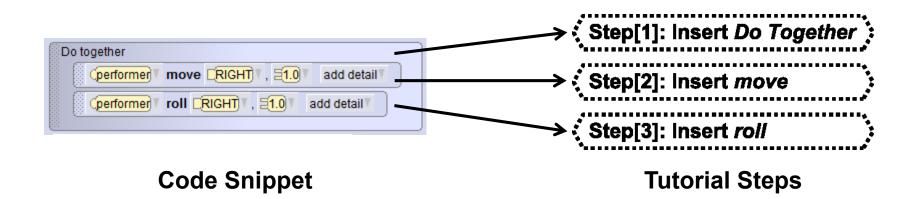
Model-Driven Architecture



Translate Code Statements into Tutorial Steps

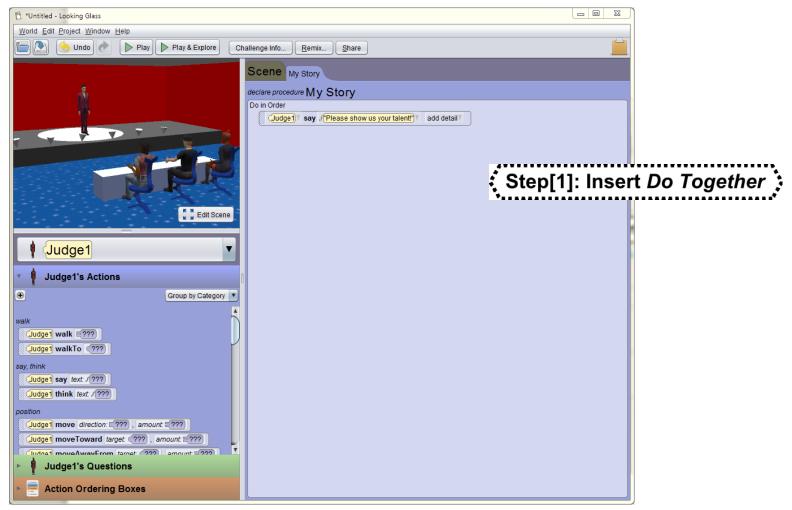


Draft Tutorial

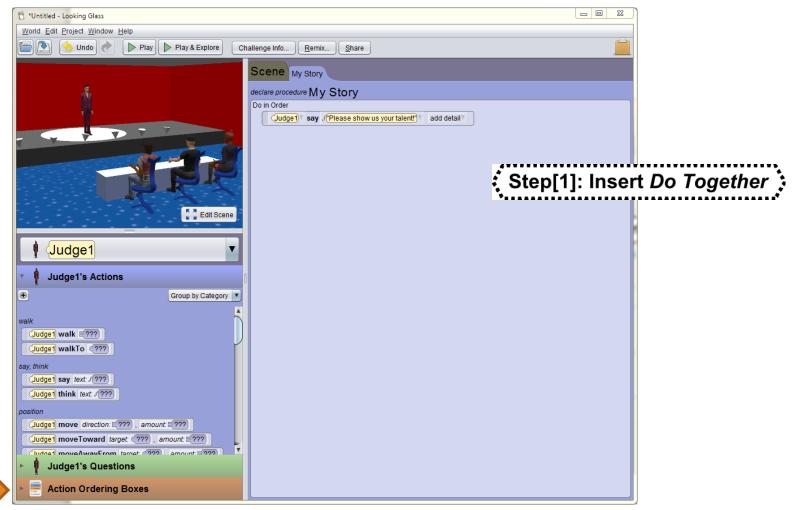


What if the interface is in the wrong state to complete the current step?

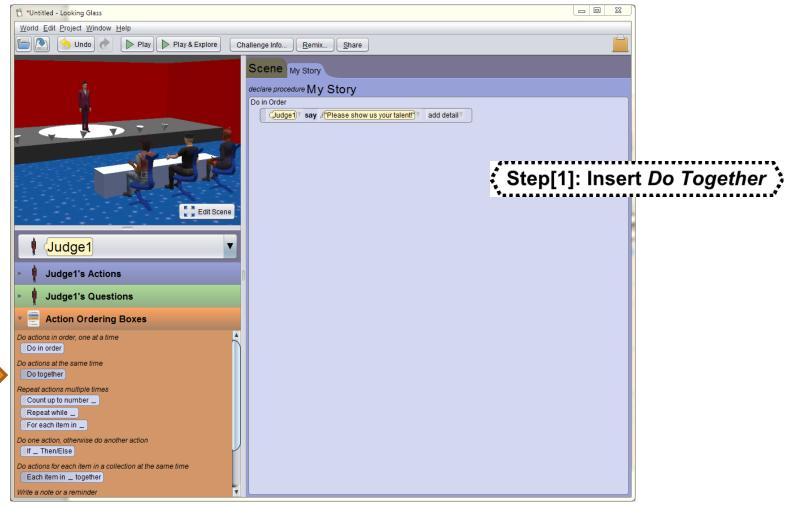
Insert Do Together



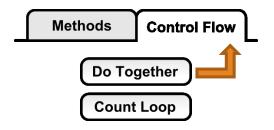
Insert Do Together



Insert Do Together



Tutorial Step Dependencies



On-screen Widgets



Dependent Tutorial Steps

How can we present a valid tutorial to the user?

Presenting the Draft Tutorial

Check if a step's dependencies are satisfied.

Correct unsatisfied dependencies.

Initialize the tutorial interface for the step.

Ensure user correctly completes the step.

Step[1]: Insert Do Togeth	er
Step[2]: Insert move	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

Draft Tutorial

Algorithm for Presenting Steps

For each draft tutorial step do: If step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Create and insert prerequisite step.

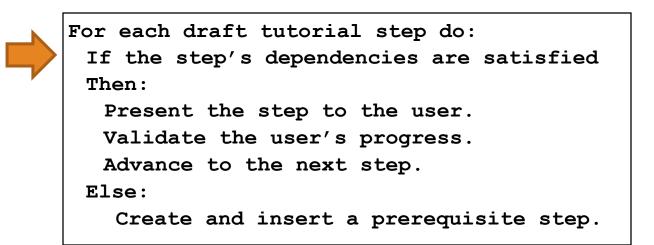
Presenting the Tutorial

Step[1]: Insert Do Toget	her 🔆
Step[2]: Insert move	
Step[3]: Insert roll	

For each draft tutorial step do:
If the step's dependencies are satisfied
Then:
Present the step to the user.
Validate the user's progress.
Advance to the next step.
Else:
Create and insert a prerequisite step.

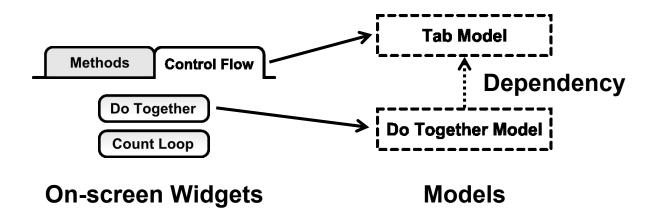
Check Dependencies

	Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
ų	Step[2]: Insert move	
,	Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

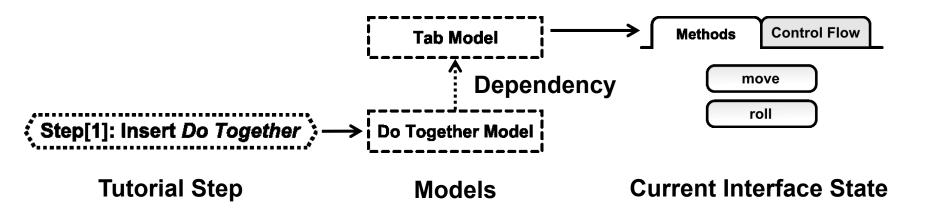


Is the interface in a state where we can present this step?

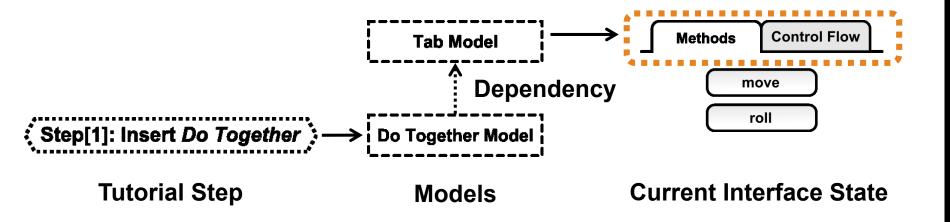
Model-Driven Architecture + Dependencies



Check Dependencies



Check Dependencies



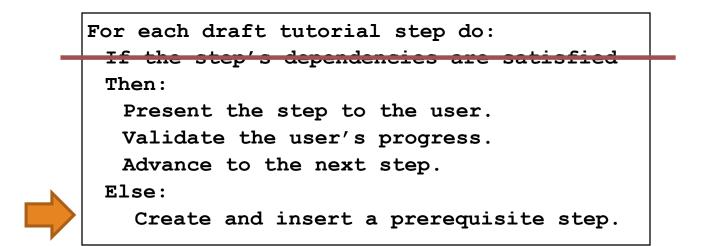
Check Dependencies

Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

	For each draft tutorial step do:	
-/	Then: Present the step to the user.	
	Validate the user's progress. Advance to the next step.	
	Else:	
	Create and insert a prerequisite step.	

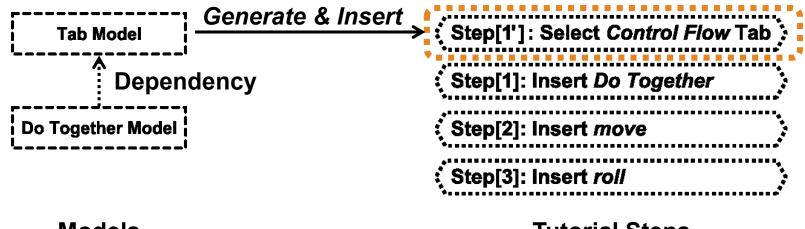
Insert Prerequisite Step

Step[1]: Insert Do Together
Step[2]: Insert move
<pre>Step[3]: Insert roll</pre>



How do we adapt the tutorial to put the interface in the correct state?

Model-Driven Architecture + Insert Prerequisite Step



Tutorial Steps

Present Prerequisite Step

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Tab	
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Check Dependencies

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Tal	b
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert move	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:



Step[1']: Select Control Flow Ta	ab
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

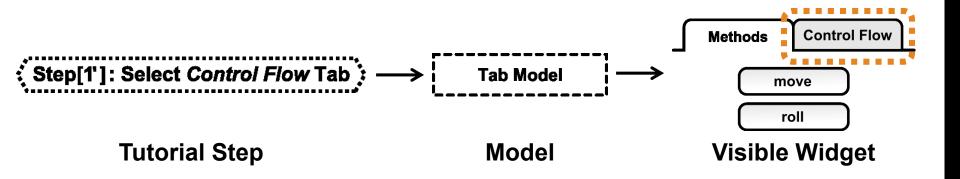
Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

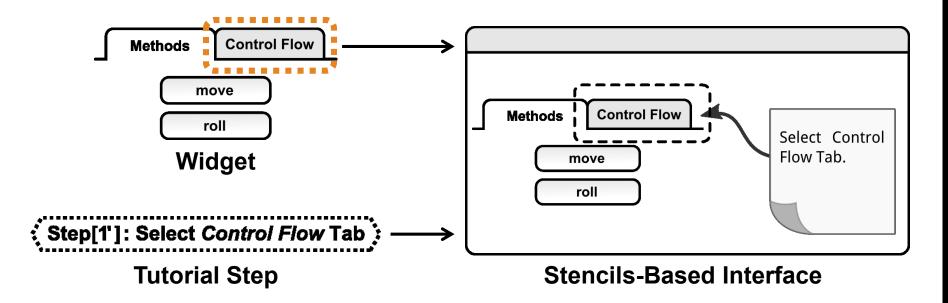
Else:

How do we present the step to the user?

Model-Driven Architecture + Present Tutorial Step



Present Step with Stencils



Validate User's Progress

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Ta	ıb 🍹
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

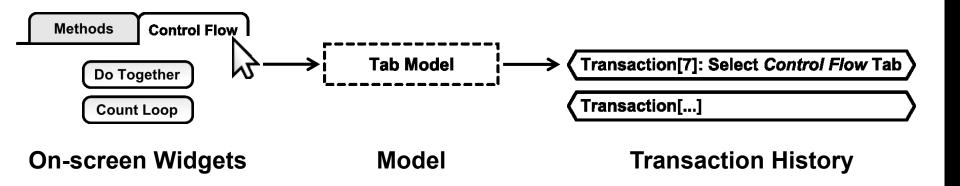
Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

How do we prevent mistakes from derailing the tutorial?

Model-Driven Architecture + Record User's Actions



Validating the User's Progress



Current Tutorial Step

Latest Recorded Transaction

Advance to Next Step

Step[1']: Select Control Flow T	ab
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Advance to Next Step

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Ta	b
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Check Dependencies

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Ta	ab
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
<pre>\$\$ Step[2]: Insert move</pre>	
<pre>\$\$ Step[3]: Insert roll</pre>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

Present the step to the user.

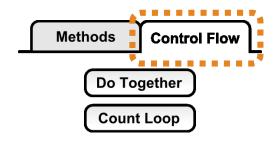
Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Check Dependencies

Step[1']: Select Control Flow Tab	
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	



For each draft tutorial step do: If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then: Present the step to the user. Validate the user's progress. Advance to the next step. Else: Create and insert a prerequisite step.



Step[1']: Select Control Flow	Tab 🍹
Step[1]: Insert Do Together	
Step[2]: Insert <i>move</i>	
Step[3]: Insert <i>roll</i>	

For each draft tutorial step do:

If the step's dependencies are satisfied Then:

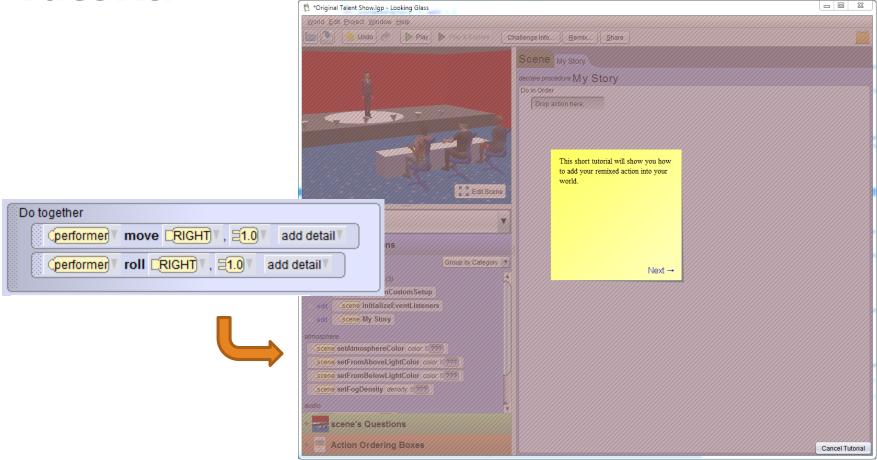
Present the step to the user.

Validate the user's progress.

Advance to the next step.

Else:

Automatically Generated Walkthrough Programming Tutorial

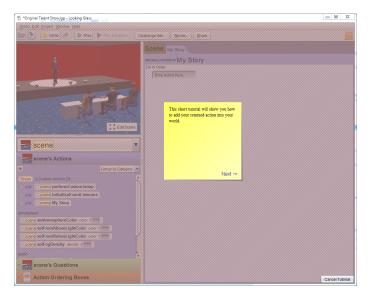




40 Middle school aged (10–16 years) participants

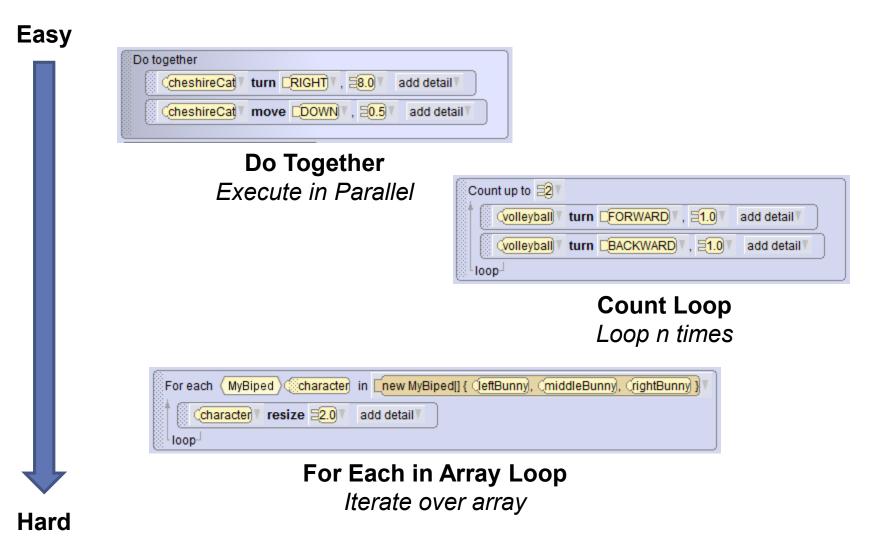
1.5 hour sessions each with no more than 5 participants





Experimental

Programming Constructs



Training Phase







Remix Animation







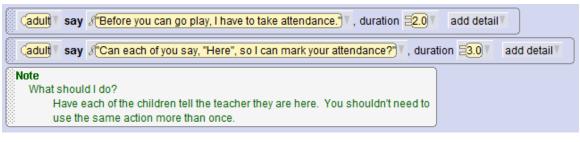
Control – Snippet Copied into Program

	*life-start.lgp - Looking Glass
<u>W</u> orld <u>E</u> dit <u>H</u> elp	
⊳ <u>P</u> lay	myFirstMethod <u>Remix</u> Share
e 🛛 🦛 🎽	declare procedure myFirstMethod
	(mom say "Dinner time!", duration 1.5, add detail (redHeadBoy say "But it's green!", duration 1.5, add detail
	(gir) say (And it looks smushy), duration () add detail
Setup Scene	(mom) say #"Now, children, you must eat your vegetables if you w
instance: 🔘 (mom)	world eatFood Drag and drop a for each in
Procedures Biped	Note ordering box. Make the children or Make the children or A For Each In ordering box
(mom walkTo (???) (mom walk ≡???)	Use Remix to get an and then the mom w of characters and have them
(mom straightenOutJoints	Comm walk 1.0 add
(mom say text: / ???) (mom think text: / ???)	Need help?
(mom setVehicle vehicle: (???)	Show Me How
► Functions	
Action Ordering Boxes	

Experimental – Reconstruct Snippet in Tutorial

Transfer Phase





Initial Transfer Task Program

add detail		
add detail		
Note What should I do? Have each of the children tell the teacher they are here. You shouldn't need to use the same action more than once.		
For each (MyBiped)(student in [new MyBiped]] { (redHeadGir), (blackHairedGir), (boy) } (student) say /Here.) add detail loop		

Completed Transfer Task Program

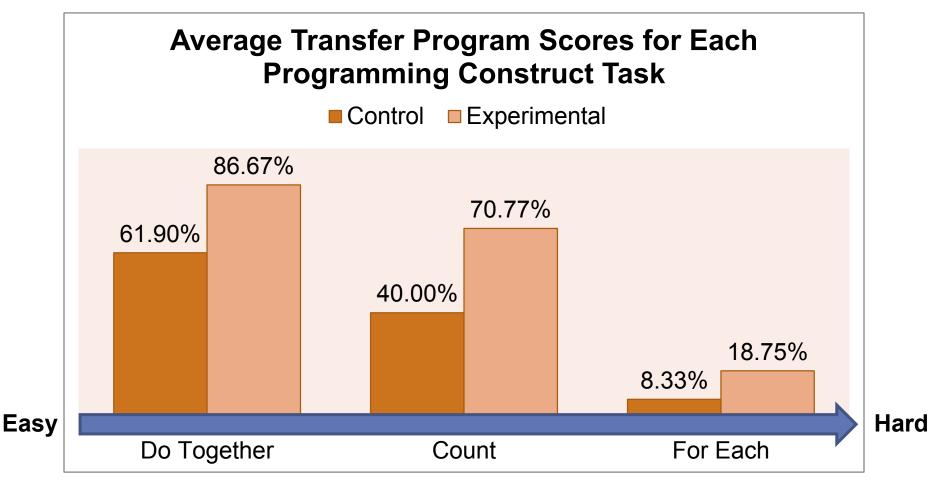
Grading Transfer Task Programs

Grading Criteria for the For Each Transfer Program: (5 points)

- 1. Program contains a For Each construct. If not, stop grading. (+1)
- 2. For Each contains at least one statement. If not, stop grading. (+1)
- 3. Array is defined correctly for the animation. (+1)
- 4. Programming statements use the loop iterator. (+1)
- 5. Animation is correct. (+1)







Experimental condition performed 64% better. ANCOVA (F[2,37], p < 0.05).



Any code can be used as a learning resource.

Users can learn while they follow their own interests.

Personalize tutorials to the learner's abilities.



Kyle J. Harms Washington University in St. Louis harmsk@seas.wustl.edu







Why ANCOVA?

New Looking Glass users often have difficulty locating the Control Flow Tab.

We provided a Control Flow Tab Hint

Offered during the transfer program after 5 minutes

Pointed to tab: "To complete this task, look here."

We used ANCOVA with the presence or absence of this hint as a covariate.

The hint was not significant (p = 0.48)